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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/713,929	11/14/2003	Gopi Venkatesh	451194-101	4820	
75	7590 07/10/2006			EXAMINER	
Mark P. Levy, Esq., Thompson Hine. LLp			VANIK, DAVID L		
2000 Courthouse Plaza NE 10 W. Second Street		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
Dayton, OH 45402-1758			1615		
			DATE MAILED: 07/10/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Occasion	10/713,929	VENKATESH ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	David L. Vanik	1615			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		•			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 Ag	oril 2006.	•			
·= · ·	action is non-final.	•			
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closed in accordance with the practice under E	•				
Disposition of Claims		· , .			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11,23 and 24</u> is/are pending in the a	innlication	• •			
4a) Of the above claim(s) 23 is/are withdrawn fr	· ·				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2,6-9 and 11</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) <u>3-5, 10, 24</u> is/are objected to.		•			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Application Papers	•	•			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner		Evaminar			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	•				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcting 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	•				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).			
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	to according to the control of the c				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents		an Ma			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		ed in this National Stage			
application from the International Bureau	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	; .a			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	or the certified copies not receive	eu.			
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Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate atent Application (PTO-152)			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	atom Approximation (1 10-102)			
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DETAILED ACTION

Receipt is acknowledged of the Applicant's Remarks and Amended Claims filed on 4/13/2006.

The 35 USC §112, second paragraph rejection are hereby withdrawn.

Moreover, as a result of Applicant's amended claims, the claim objections are hereby withdrawn. However, the 35 USC §112, first paragraph rejections and the 35 USC §102 rejections over US Patent 4,839,177 ('177) are hereby maintained.

Election/Restrictions

The examiner respectfully submits that newly submitted claim 23 is directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: The use of the language "consisting essentially of" materially alters the search associated with this application. Because a change of claim language from "comprising" to "consisting essentially of" materially alters the scope and patentability of the instant claim set, a new search and examination under 35 USC §112, first paragraph would need to be undertaken in an attempt to determine the patentability of the instant claim 23.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for

prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claim 23 is withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

MAINTAINED REJECTIONS:

The following is a list of maintained rejections:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, 6-9, 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US Patent 4,839,177 ('177).

'177 disclose a controlled drug release system comprising the following: (1) a deposit core comprising an active substance and (2) a support platform coating applied to said deposit core (abstract). It is the examiner's position that the deposit core of the composition advanced by '177 is an immediate-release type. According to '177, the support platform or coating consists of a polymeric material that is insoluble in aqueous liquids (abstract and Figure 1). Materials suitable for preparing the support platform include celluloses, such as ethyl cellulose, and acrylates, such as cellulose acetate-

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propionate and methacrylates (column 3, lines 3-12 and column 8, lines 57-62).

Plasticizers, such as castor oil, and water-soluble polymers, such as hydroxypropylcellulose, can also be added to the support platform (column 8, lines 57-62 and column 2, lines 44-58). The active agent employed in the deposit core can be diazepam, a well-known muscle relaxant (column 8, line 23). It should be noted that the use of the composition for the treatment of muscle spasms is considered to be a future intended use of the composition and, as such, is not given patentable weight.

The extended-release composition advanced by '177 has a release rate of 33% after 2 hours and 62% after 4 hours (column 9, lines 8-16). This rate of release falls within the range of the instant claim 1. It is the examiner's position that, inherently, the composition advanced by '177 provides a release of 60-85% after 8 hours and 75-85% after 12 hours. Since the essential elements of the '177 composition are identical to the instant compositions (that is, an extended release capsule comprising a muscle relaxant, diazepam, coated with an insoluble polymer), the composition would inherently have the same physiochemical properties as the compositions set forth in the instant application. As such, it is the examiner's position that the composition advanced by '177 anticipates the compositions enumerated in the instant claim set.

The claims are therefore anticipated by US Patent 4,839,177 ('177).

Response to Arguments

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Applicant's arguments filed on 4/13/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In response to the 1/13/2006 Non-Final Rejection, Applicant has asserted that the '177 patent does not disclose "multi-particulate" pharmaceutical dosage forms. Additionally, it is Applicant's assertion that '177 does not teach a composition comprising an immediate-release core and an extended-release portion. The examiner respectfully disagrees with these assertions.

Applicant's arguments have been carefully considered regarding the "multiparticulate" limitation present in the instant preamble of claim 1. Giving the instant claim
set its broadest reasonable interpretation, the examiner respectfully submits that, as a
limitation presented in the preamble of the claim, the limitation "multi-particulate" is not
given patentable weight. That is, because the claim limitation is not presented in the
body of the claim, the examiner respectfully asserts that it does not breath meaning into
the instant claim 1.

After carefully considering Applicant's arguments and giving the instant claim set its broadest reasonable interpretation, the examiner respectfully maintains that the composition disclosed by '177 comprises an immediate release component. That is, absent a showing to the contrary, the examiner is interpreting the deposit core of the composition advanced by '177 to be an immediate-release type. That is, without the presence of the polymer-based support platform or coating, the active agent would be immediately released from the core. With respect to the coating, it is the examiner's position that it is an extended-release portion. Like the instant application, the composition advanced by '177 has a release rate of 33% after 2 hours and 62% after 4

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hours (column 9, lines 8-16). As such, it is the examiner's position that this can be considered to be an extended-release portion.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Independent claim 1 is rejected and dependent claims 2-11 and 24 are objected to under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the following drug release profile with the drug **cyclobenzaprine hydrochloride**, does not reasonably provide enablement for the generic class of muscle relaxants. The following is the drug release profile set forth in the instant application:

after 2 hours, no more than about 40% of the total active is released; after 4 hours, from about 40-65% of the total active is released after 8 hours, from about 60-85% of the total active is released; and after 12 hours, from about 75-85% of the total active is released

The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to practice the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

Enablement is considered in view of the Wands factors (MPEP 2164.01 (a)).

These include: breadth of the claims; nature of the invention; state of the prior art;

amount of direction provided by the inventor; the level of predictability in the art; the existence of working examples; quantity of experimentation needed to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure; and relative skill in the art. All of the factors have been considered with regard to the claim, with the most relevant factors discussed below:

The breadth of claims: Claim 1 is drawn to a composition comprising two portions: 1) an immediate-release portion comprising a skeletal muscle relaxant and 2) an extended-release coating. The dosage form has the following drug release profile:

after 2 hours, no more than about 40% of the total active is released; after 4 hours, from about 40-65% of the total active is released after 8 hours, from about 60-85% of the total active is released; and after 12 hours, from about 75-85% of the total active is released

The nature of the invention: The invention is drawn to a composition comprising two portions: 1) an immediate-release portion comprising cyclobenzaprine hydrochloride and 2) an extended-release coating. The dosage form has the following drug release profile:

after 2 hours, no more than about 40% of the total active is released; after 4 hours, from about 40-65% of the total active is released after 8 hours, from about 60-85% of the total active is released; and after 12 hours, from about 75-85% of the total active is released

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As exhibited in Figures 1-5, **cyclobenzaprine hydrochloride** is the only species of muscle relaxant shown to have the above drug release profile. As such, the instant application is not enabled for every possible muscle relaxant.

The amount of direction provided by the inventor: There is nothing in the specification that would indicate that every possible type of muscle relaxant would have the above drug release profile. Muscle relaxants comprise a very broad class of chemical species and the physiochemical properties of one species is not necessarily indicative of the physiochemical properties of another species. Guidance for preparing and using a composition comprising all the possible combinations of "muscle relaxants" is not provided in the instant specification. With respect to the instant composition, there is a substantial gap between a composition comprising cyclobenzaprine hydrochloride and one comprising the entire gamut of "muscle relaxants."

Consequently, a burdensome amount of research would be required by one of ordinary skill in the art to bridge this gap.

The presence or absence of working examples: Five examples are included in the instant specification. Each of these examples teach compositions comprising cyclobenzaprine hydrochloride. Applicant fails to provide examples of compositions comprising any other muscle relaxants. As such, the practitioner would turn to trial and error experimentation in order to compose a composition comprising muscle relaxants

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other than cyclobenzaprine hydrochloride having the above drug release profile,

without guidance from the specification or the prior art.

The quantity of experimentation: In the instant case, there is a substantial gap between a composition comprising cyclobenzaprine hydrochloride and one comprising any and all "muscle relaxants." As stated earlier, "muscle relaxants" comprise a huge class of compounds. Consequently, a burdensome amount of research would be

required by one of ordinary skill in the art to bridge this gap

The relative skill of those in the art: the skill of one of ordinary skill in the art is

very high, e.g., Ph.D. and M.D. level technology.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on 4/13/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In response to the 1/13/2006 Non-Final Rejection, Applicant has asserted that the instant specification is sufficiently enabled for one of skill in the art to

practice the invention commensurate in scope with the claims. The examiner

respectfully disagrees with these assertions.

As claimed, the instant composition has a very specific drug release profile:

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after 2 hours, no more than about 40% of the total active is released; after 4 hours, from about 40-65% of the total active is released after 8 hours, from about 60-85% of the total active is released; and

after 12 hours, from about 75-85% of the total active is released

This above release profile is essential to the patentability of the instant claim set. With respect to this, as set forth in the 1/13/2006 Non-Final Rejection, cyclobenzaprine hydrochloride was the only drug tested and shown to exhibit the above release profile. Given this, the examiner respectfully submits that the instant claim set is enabled for use with cyclobenzaprine hydrochloride, and not any "muscle relaxant." That is, given the instant specification, the practitioner would turn to trial and error experimentation in order to compose composition comprising muscle relaxants other than cyclobenzaprine hydrochloride having the above drug release profile, without guidance from the specification or the prior art.

In terms of overcoming the above rejection, the examiner respectfully suggests moving the limitation "cyclobenzaprine hydrochloride" into the instant claim 1.

NEW REJECTIONS:

The following is a list of new rejections:

Claim Objections

Claims 1-11 and 24 are objected to because of the following informalities: As amended, the limitation "immediate release" has been cancelled from the instant claim

1. Consistent with the prosecution history (removing the parenthesis), the examiner respectfully submits that this is an error. In order to advanced prosecution, however, the "immediate release" limitation will be considered. Appropriate correction is required.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David L. Vanik whose telephone number is (571) 272-3104. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Woodward, can be reached at (571) 272-8373. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

David Vanik, Ph.D.

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